## MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

M-6 / POISONS / DRUGS

## PRIORITIES:

> Approach patients after assessing appropriate safety for personnel.
> ABCs.
> Determine type, amount, time of material absorbed by patient.
> Being careful not to contaminate yourself and others, remove contaminated clothing, brush off powders, wash off liquids.
> Bring in the container and/or label.

## Effective

 6/15/12019> Early transport.
> EARLY CONTACT OF RECEIVING HOSPITAL.
Review
6/15/2021

## PATIENT TREATMENT GUIDELINES

> Stabilize airway;
> OXYGEN Therapy - use appropriate adjuncts;
> Cardiac monitor;
> IV Access TKO, if hypotensive, give 250cc fluid bolus; recheck vital signs and continue boluses until systolic BP > 100;
> Treat specific Ingestions/exposures according to treatment guidelines on next pages.
> Transport patient as early as possible.

## DISRUPTED COMMUNICATIONS

In the event of a "disrupted communications" situation, the EMT-P in Solano County may utilize all portions of this treatment protocol without Base Hospital contact as is needed to stabilize an immediate patient.

## MEDICAL EMERGENCIES <br> M-6 / POISONS / DRUGS <br> M 6-1 / POISONS / DRUGS - SPECIFIC TREATMENTS

## ORGANIPHOSPHATES

> ATROPINE 0.5 - 2.0 mg slow IVP initially. If no tachycardia or pupil dilation, use larger doses to control secretions and bronchospasm. May repeat doses of 2-4 mg IVP every 3-10 minutes as needed.
> TREAT SEIZURES PER PROTOCOL.

Usually formulated as insecticides, these substances cause cholinergic crises characterized by bradycardia, increased salivation, lacrimation and sweating, muscle fasiculations, abdominal cramping, pinpoint pupils, incoherence or coma.

## CAUSTICS \& CORROSIVES

> Do NOT induce vomiting;
> Contact Base hospital or Poison Control Center and consider milk or water.

## EXAMPLES:

## ALKALI (Bases)

Sodium Hydroxide ACIDS

Sulfuric Acid
Drain Cleaners (Drano)
Clinitest tablets
Potassium Hydroxide (KOH)
Ammonium hydroxide (fertilizer)

## OXIDIZERS

Bleach
Calcium Hydroxide (lime
Ingestion of these substances often causes intra-oral burns, painful swallowing or inability to handle secretions.

## PHENOTHIAZINE REACTIONS

> Reassurance;
$>$ DIPHENHYDRAMINE 25 mg IV or 50 mg IM.

Characterized by restlessness, muscle spasms of the neck, jaw and back, oculogyric crisis, history of ingestion of phenothiazines (or "some pills a friend gave them").

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## MEDICAL EMERGENCIES <br> M-6 / POISONS / DRUGS <br> M 6-2 / POISONS/DRUGS - SPECIFIC TREATMENTS

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TRICYCLIC ANTIDEPRESSANTS
> For life-threatening dysrhythmias - hemodynamically significant supraventricular rhythms and ventricular dysrhythmias:
\(>\) Hyperventilation if assisting ventilations or if intubated, or an advanced airway is used;
> SODIUM BICARBONATE 1 meq/kg slow IVP.
> TREAT SEIZURES PER PROTOCOL.
These are substances which cause anticholinergic crisis characterized by altered mental status ("mad as a hatter"), fever ("hot as hell"), dilated pupils ("blind as a bat"), flushed skin ("red as a beet"), dry mucous membranes ("dry as a bone"). Frequently associated with respiratory depression, almost always accompanied by tachycardia. Widened QRS complexes and associated arrhythmias are generally signs of a life-threatening ingestion.
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