Solano County Emergency Operations Plan
Evacuation Annex

Updated January 2017

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## Contents

**Section 1. Introduction**

1.1 Purpose ................................................................. 1

1.2 Scope ......................................................................... 1

1.3 Policy ......................................................................... 2

**Section 2. Authorities and References**

2.1 Federal ....................................................................... 3

2.2 California ..................................................................... 3

2.3 Solano County .......................................................... 3

**Section 3. Assumptions and Considerations**

3.1 Planning Assumptions .................................................. 5

3.2 Evacuation Planning Considerations .............................. 5

**Section 4. Roles and Responsibilities**

4.1 Overview ..................................................................... 7

4.2 Roles and Responsibilities Reference Matrix .................. 8

4.3 Local Government Entities ........................................... 9

4.3.1 Office of Emergency Services .................................... 9

4.3.2 Sheriff’s Office ........................................................ 10

4.3.3 Department of Health and Social Services ................. 11

4.3.4 DHSS, Public Health ............................................... 11

4.3.5 Animal Care ........................................................... 12

4.3.6 General Services ..................................................... 12

4.3.7 Municipality Transportation and Transit Services ........ 12

4.4 Local Non-Government Entities ................................. 13

4.4.1 Solano Transportation Authority ............................ 13

4.4.2 ARES/RACES ....................................................... 14

**Section 5. Concept of Operations**

5.1 Pre-Response/Initial Actions ....................................... 15

5.2 Evacuation Coordination ............................................ 15
5.2.1 Evacuation Orders .................................................................................................................................. 16
5.2.2 Evacuation Movement Unit .................................................................................................................. 16
5.2.3 EMU Position in EOC Organization ...................................................................................................... 17
5.2.4 Evacuation Task Force ......................................................................................................................... 18
5.3 Reentry ................................................................................................................................................... 18

Appendix A. Acronyms A-1

List of Tables
Table 4-1: Roles and Responsibilities Table in Support of Evacuation Operations ........................................ 8
Table 4-2: Local Transit Services .................................................................................................................. 13
Table A-1: Acronyms ..................................................................................................................................... A-1

List of Figures
Figure 5-1: EOC Organization Chart ........................................................................................................... 18
Section 1. Introduction

The function of the evacuation annex is to provide strategies to move large numbers of people out of harm’s way in time to avoid being negatively impacted by an emergency situation. For most people, this will entail guidance to support their self-evacuation. For others who have access and functional needs (for example, do not have access to, or cannot operate a vehicle), the EOC will need to coordinate the mass transportation assets needed for evacuation.

1.1 Purpose

The Evacuation Annex to the Solano County Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) provides an overview of evacuation functions, agency roles and responsibilities, and overall guidelines for the evacuation of people from hazardous areas to areas of safety in both incidents with and without warning. It describes the actions, roles, and responsibilities of coordinating and participating organizations and how the County will endeavor to manage the evacuation process before, during, and after the emergency. This annex addresses only general strategies used for any emergency. Specific tactical actions are described in individual agency procedures, and will be made by the EOC’s Evacuation Movement Unit, if activated.

1.2 Scope

This annex is intended to address the evacuation needs of the general population, including those with access and functional needs. It is not intended to address the evacuation of any specific facility, such as a hospital, school or assisted living center. Such facilities are required to have their own evacuation strategies. However, these facilities are likely to need assistance with coordinating transportation assets for their populations, and their populations will likely need specialty services (e.g., paratransit like vehicles).

This annex provides the following information:

- Criteria under which the County will support the evacuation process,
- Agencies and organizations involved in supporting the evacuation function,
- Roles and responsibilities of agencies in preparing for and conducting evacuations,
- Concept of operations for carrying out an evacuation,
- Guidelines to improve coordination when evacuation is required.

Emergency Support Function #1 (ESF #1) – Transportation. This annex aligns with the ESF #1 of the National Response Framework for transportation. This ESF also aligns with the Transportation function in the California Emergency Plan. ESF #1 provides for transportation technical assistance and analysis for evacuation operations and evacuation route conditions. The transportation function is responsible for ensuring the evacuation of all affected populations by providing resources to transport those individuals and households that do not have the means to self-evacuate, and ensuring sufficient transportation assets, including accessible transportation assets, are available.
Solano County may maintain contracts capable of providing bus, train and other evacuation support and the capability to contract additional resources such as ensuring fuel and basic vehicle service are available along evacuation routes.

ESF #1 - Transportation is responsible for coordinating evacuation routes with local agencies and other jurisdictions to determine the status of transportation infrastructure to be used for evacuation. Transportation will facilitate coordination between local agencies and governments and the State regarding the impact of outflow of persons and traffic on the entry of response teams and supplies into the affected area.

Any requests for special transportation waivers for such things as driver hours, truck weight limits, and fuel quality that are issued by State or Federal agencies will be requested through the Operational Area to the State for requesting specific Federal Agencies.

The Solano County Evacuation Annex takes into account these elements of the ESF #1, and adds to them the strategy for evacuating specific areas of Solano County.

1.3 Policy

It is the Policy of Solano County to develop plans and procedures to address evacuating citizens and visitors to the County from hazardous areas to areas of safety. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), transportation providers must permit passengers with disabilities to be accompanied by their service animals. Solano County will use local evacuation resources to every extent possible before requesting outside assistance from Mutual Aid or the State.
Section 2. Authorities and References

Authorities for conducting evacuation for the general population, for people with access and functional needs, and for evacuating animals include the following:

2.1 Federal

- National Incident Management System (NIMS).
- Homeland Security Act of 2002
- Presidential Policy Directive / PPD-8: National Preparedness
- Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006
- Pets Evacuation and Transportation Standards Act of 2006
- Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990

2.2 California

- California Emergency Services Act, California Government Code, Sections 8550-8668.
- California Emergency Plan (California Government Code, Section 8850 et seq.).
- Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS) – Chapter 1 of Division 2 of Title 19 of the California Code of Regulations.
- California Master Mutual Aid Agreement.
- California Code of Regulations (Health and Safety Code § 1336.3). Requires each facility licensed by the Department of Health Services to adopt a written emergency plan.
- California Code of Regulations Title 22. Requires Community Care facilities licensed by the Department of Social Services to have a written disaster and mass casualty plan.

2.3 Solano County

- Solano County Emergency Operations Plan
Section 3. Assumptions and Considerations

3.1 Planning Assumptions

The County will coordinate within the operational area and with neighboring Counties and the State concerning the destinations for evacuees and the flow of transportation assets and will ensure the jurisdictions receiving evacuees from an impacted area agree to accept these individuals prior to evacuation.

Coordination with any Federal support will be through the Operational Area and the State.

Solano County will follow State policies and guidelines governing household pet evacuations when incorporating household pet issues into evacuation planning.

The County is aware that individuals may choose to not evacuate. Many will chose to stay behind if directed to leave their animal(s) behind.

Residents of the evacuated area will need to return to the area after the event if possible. Evacuation coordination will include considerations to facilitate return of evacuated residents.

Members of the population with access and functional needs may require additional support or assistance. People with limited English proficiency will need special evacuation notifications.

3.2 Evacuation Planning Considerations

If an Evacuation is Contemplated, Lead Time is Required: It may be necessary to activate plans as much as 72 hours prior to the time an evacuation is likely to be ordered. Resources may need to be mobilized as early as 48 hours prior to the start of evacuations to have sufficient capacity in place once the evacuation order is given.

There are Limits in Weather Forecasting: The variables in weather forecasting the track, intensity, and forward speed of weather systems make it difficult for decision makers to commit costly resources in a timely manner.

There are Interdependencies Between Shelters and Transportation: The transportation assets needed to carry out evacuation are based on the number of people needing evacuation, availability of privately owned transportation, number of evacuees with special mobility and medical needs, the time available to conduct evacuation operations, and the distance to and availability of shelters. If shelters are located too far away, transportation assets may be able to only make one trip. It is critical to identify shelters for the general population and persons with access and functional needs that are as close as safely possible. The
designation and distance to household pet shelters or shelters that will accommodate pets is also important.

*The Special Needs of Children Must Be Considered:* It is important to recognize the special needs of children during evacuations. In a no-notice evacuation, children could be located in large numbers away from their parents, such as in schools, childcare facilities or other locations. Reunification of children separated from their parents will be an issue during evacuation and planning must be given to accomplish this.

*Persons with Access and Functional Needs:* Access and functional needs may include practical and/or functional assistance in communication (including those with limited English proficiency), mobility, maintaining independence, and medical care.

*Evacuating Animals:* There will be requirements for the transportation, sheltering and care of animals, including, but not limited to, the following:

- **Service Animals:** The ADA defines service animals as any guide dog, signal dog, or other animal individually trained to provide assistance to an individual with a disability including, but not limited to guiding individuals with impaired vision, alerting individuals with impaired hearing, providing minimal protection or rescue work, pulling a wheelchair, or fetching dropped items. Under the ADA regulations, service animals have access to the same facilities as the humans they serve.
- **Household Pets:** The tracking, embarkation, transportation, care, feeding, and sheltering of household pets can significantly impact the ability to safely evacuate the general population. The County will consider alternative methods for owner and pet evacuation, such as identifying and providing locations to which household pets may be evacuated; providing logistical support for the care, immunization, and quarantine of household pets; providing specifications for vehicles that can be used to evacuate household pets; coordinating with private industry for household pet evacuations; and, planning for the co-location of pet shelters near general populations when possible.

*Environmental Contamination:* Evacuation efforts may be impacted when they are done in response to a large-scale hazardous materials (HAZMAT) incident. Evacuation decision makers consult with available local HAZMAT officials as appropriate regarding the location of embarkation sites and evacuation routes.

*Victim Decontamination:* Solano County will retain primary responsibility for victim screening and decontamination operations when necessary in response to a HAZMAT incident. Appropriate personnel and equipment must be available.

*Critical Infrastructure:* An evacuation could present a range of implications for many of the critical infrastructure and key resources (CIKR) sectors within the impacted area. The evacuation could directly affect CIKR operations, supply lines, and/or distribution systems.
Section 4. Roles and Responsibilities

4.1 Overview

Conducting evacuation activities and coordinating the movement of large numbers of people in the County is a function of Solano County government. There are circumstances where the evacuation activities exceed Solano County capabilities, and the State and/or Federal Government may need to provide resources and support. Requests for assistance will be initiated through the Solano Operational Area to the Regional Emergency Operations Center (REOC). Should the REOC be unable to procure the resources, it will push requests forward to the State’s Emergency Operations Center (SOC) or Federal coordination center. Likewise, private entities have an essential role in a successful evacuation.

All agencies/organizations assigned to the Solano EOC Evacuation Movement Unit are responsible for designating and training representatives of their agency, and ensuring that appropriate agency specific standard operating procedures are developed and maintained. Agencies must also identify staff and maintain notification procedures to ensure appropriately trained agency personnel are available for extended emergency duty in the County EOC, agency DOC, or field command posts, as needed.
4.2 Roles and Responsibilities Reference Matrix

Table 4-1 below shows the primary entities that will be involved with the evacuation and movement of people in the County; it is not inclusive of all the possible entities that could be involved. For example, in a large regional disaster, other County entities, as well as the State and Federal Government may be needed to provide resources as well.

Table 4-1: Roles and Responsibilities Table in Support of Evacuation Operations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cooperating Agency</th>
<th>Coordination w/ State</th>
<th>Coordination w/ Local Government Entities</th>
<th>Transit Coordination</th>
<th>Transportation Resources</th>
<th>Security</th>
<th>Transfer Points</th>
<th>Communication</th>
<th>Fuel, Food and Resources</th>
<th>Access and Functional Needs</th>
<th>Child Reunification</th>
<th>Household Pets</th>
<th>Public Information</th>
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<tr>
<td>Sheriff’s Office/Law Enforcement</td>
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4.3 Local Government Entities

The following local government entities have a role in preparedness and implementation during an incident requiring evacuation of citizens. Some have a primary role and are always activated, and some support as needed and called upon by their emergency managers.

4.3.1 Office of Emergency Services

The Solano County Office of Emergency Services (OES) is charged with emergency management for the County, and is responsible for maintaining situational awareness of threats that may necessitate an evacuation of citizens. In cases where an emergency situation or disaster exists, the OES will coordinate the County government’s role in response to and recovery from the disaster. The OES fulfills the County’s requirements under the Emergency Service Act (Government Code Section 8550 et. seq.). Furthermore, the OES will work in partnership with the emergency management of the cities within the County to provide overall coordination at the EOC.

Coordination and Emergency Management

- Activate an information coordination conference call or meeting that will include essential stakeholders. The purpose is to determine increased situational awareness of the threat, the seriousness of the threat, and what next steps may need to be taken, including beginning public alert, press releases, activating the EOC, et al.
- Activate the EOC, in coordination with the County Administrator, to the appropriate emergency level.
- Notify staff of pending EOC activation, and/or to current activation levels, and coordinate staffing of all needed positions.
- Request assistance from support agencies, and communication resources, as appropriate.
- Maintain coordination and communication between the EOC and support agencies.
• Communicate with State of California Governor’s Office of Emergency Services, and keep them apprised of local situation and request additional resources as needed.
• Public Alert and Warning
• Coordinate the activation of public alert systems.
• Provide support to the County PIO.
• Coordinate the activation of the Joint Information Center (JIC) as needed.
• Provide public information on mass care sites, services provided, available routes, and transportation options

4.3.2 Sheriff’s Office

The Sheriff Office supports the EOC when activated as the lead of the Law Enforcement Branch of the Operations Sections, as well as the being the lead agency for the Evacuation Movement Unit, and as such is responsible for the overall evacuation and movement of citizens throughout the operational area. Furthermore, law enforcement agencies will be integral in the tactical incident command post in evacuating people from the impacted area.

During significant evacuation emergencies, the Sheriff’s Office key functions include:

Coordination and Emergency Management

• Pre-identify evacuation assembly points for evacuees.
• Facilitate the movement of emergency vehicles with local police and the California Highway Patrol.
• Appoint a Coroner Unit and Leader.
• Incident Commander at Field Command Post.
• Post-emergency: Coordinate the return movement of evacuees back to their homes.

Public Alert and Warning

• Use loud speakers on field vehicles to alert those in the immediately threatened areas.
• Give ample and redundant information to critical facilities, such as day cares, schools, adult residential care, skilled nursing, board and care, etc. These will need additional time to close or evacuate, and may need to close or evacuate as a precautionary action.
• Identify persons and populations that appear to be in need of special assistance.
Traffic Control

- Pre-identify evacuation routes (keeping in mind fueling services will be needed on evacuation routes) and transit pickup points.
- Major Evacuation Routes are major highways such as HWY 80, HWY 505 and HWY 12.
- Evacuation routes will be determined during the disaster due to the variability of the event.
- Calculate route capacity and consider contraflow as well as traffic coming out of the Bay Area.
- Coordinate the routes for movement of motorists toward designated / safest evacuation routes. These routes may be designated with support from the various municipal Department of Transportation traffic engineers and in coordination with the EMU in the EOC.
- Control and monitor primary routes and area access.
- Support mass transit pick-up and movement of those needing assistance.
- Define traffic control areas using the Sheriff’s Office and jurisdictional law enforcement.
- Close roads that will not be used as the primary egress or ingress routes to the evacuated area.
- Provide for tow trucks on evacuation routes to assist disabled vehicles and clearing roadways.

4.3.3 Department of Health and Social Services

The Department of Health and Social Services (DHSS) is responsible for coordination support of the movement of people with access and functional needs during an evacuation emergency. DHSS will also provide the following support:

Coordination and Emergency Management

- Coordinate for transportation of non-ambulatory persons and other people with disabilities.
- Coordinate with Medical Reserve Corps (MRC) volunteers, if activated.
- Provide specialized staff to shelters if requested.
- Support disaster victims and/or shelter inhabitants in understanding what recovery programs may be available to them.

Public Alert and Warning

- DHHS uses the Department of Public Health’s California Health Alert Network (CAHAN) for notifications to partnering agencies.
- DHHS has PIOs to develop messaging and notify the public (esp. people with access and functional needs and those with limited English proficiency) of a disaster event or evacuation.

4.3.4 DHSS, Public Health

DHSS, Public Health Division, identifies the public health and medical needs of those impacted by the emergency, including patients evacuating medical care facilities, including those in hospitals, hospices, and nursing homes as well as individuals who are identified at evacuation centers as having medical problems.

Public Health also coordinates the reunification of children who have been evacuated without an appropriate adult.
Public Health coordinates specialized transportation for evacuees with medical and functional needs; care for evacuees whose needs cannot be accommodated in general population shelters; monitoring support for individuals at pickup points; and, by providing medical support at designated evacuation assembly areas and pickup points to perform triage of citizens prior to evacuation.

### 4.3.5 Animal Care

County Animal Care provides services to the County and the municipalities in the Operational Area. During significant evacuation emergencies the Animal Care and Emergency Management functions include the following:

- Coordinate with Care and Shelter to place evacuated animals. Attempt to place animals with owners when possible.
- Coordinate the movement of Animal Control Officers to support Evacuation Task Force.
- Coordinate the inter-county movement of animals. For larger animals some coordination with the REOC and/or the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) may be needed.
- In Medium to High-level emergencies, follow guidance in the *Animal Care Annex*.

### 4.3.6 General Services

Solano County General Services Department activates to the EOC to provide logistics support to the evacuation emergency. In this role, they provide transportation services, goods and services to support evacuation efforts. Solano County OES processes requests for the movement of goods, equipment, and responders through this function.

Special considerations include:

- Transportation resources. Transportation resources, especially buses from private companies, must be contacted and ordered as resources. Although the County does not have an active MOU with any transit providers, General Services maintains contacts with regional providers and will request assistance at the time of an event. There are currently no transportation services in the unincorporated areas of the County.
- Adequate fuel supplies. Gasoline and diesel fuels must remain available in an evacuation. Considerations include availability of fuel for individuals who are self-evacuating, availability of fuels for government-supplied transportation vehicles, and provision of fuel to emergency response vehicles along evacuation routes. Some local buses use Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), and have limited range to evacuate people unless LNG refilling is available.
- Evacuation assembly point supplies. Supplies for assembly points include water, port-a-potties, communications, power, and first aid supplies.
- Fleet Services maintains a County vehicle inventory.

### 4.3.7 Municipality Transportation and Transit Services

Various municipalities within the County have transit and transportation services within their city government. Table 4-1 outlines the transit services available to support evacuations within the County.
More than 95% of the County’s population lives within the incorporated areas, and thus municipal services are not only the most reliable, but the services most familiar to those who need evacuation assistance. In all cases, the EOC’s Evacuation Movement Unit will need to coordinate with the Transit Coordination Center (at the Solano Transportation Authority) to coordinate transit resources.

Table 4-2: Local Transit Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Municipality</th>
<th>Local Transit</th>
<th>Authority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benicia/Vallejo</td>
<td>Solano County Transit (SolTrans)</td>
<td>Independent Joint Power Agreement</td>
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<td>Fairfield/Suisun</td>
<td>Fairfield and Suisun Transit (FAST)</td>
<td>Fairfield General Services</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Solano Express</td>
<td>707.434.3800</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DART Paratransit Services</td>
<td>Fairfield General Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacaville</td>
<td>City Coach</td>
<td>City General Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dixon</td>
<td>Dixon Readi-Ride. (707) 678-5020 to dial a ride inside city limit</td>
<td>Recreation and community Services Department/Transit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rio Vista</td>
<td>Delta Breeze</td>
<td>City General Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Rio Vista Delta Breeze Taxi Scrip Program</td>
<td>Dial a ride</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>707.374.2878</td>
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<td>Service at “511”</td>
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<tr>
<td>Service between cities</td>
<td>Solano Express</td>
<td>800.535.6883</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.4 Local Non-Government Entities

4.4.1 Solano Transportation Authority

The Solano Transportation Authority (STA) is a key partner to the Solano EOC during disasters requiring evacuations. STA stands up their Transit Coordination Center during a medium-level or high-level evacuation emergency. Their roll will be as follows.

Coordination and Emergency Management

- Activate the STA Transit Coordination Center and respond to transit resource requests from the EOC, and specifically from the Evacuation Movement Unit.
- Activate partner transit entity management to provide transit resources to the evacuation area.
- Coordinate paratransit resources in the County in response to evacuation of people with access and functional needs.
Public Alert and Warning

- Update STA webpage to warn or alert transit passengers with emergency information.
- Coordinate alert and warning messages to partner transit agencies.
- Send special notification to people with limited English proficiency.

4.4.2 ARES/RACES

Solano County Amateur Radio Emergency Services/Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Services (ARES/RACES) teams can provide communications support, especially coordination from the EOC to the various evacuation assembly points, transportation asset assembly points, shelters, etc.
Section 5. Concept of Operations

5.1 Pre-Response/Initial Actions

The County OES works with County agencies and non-governmental partners and stakeholders to determine the support required for anticipated evacuation scenarios. Coordination will include consideration for populations with access and functional needs and service animals/household pets.

If practical, evacuation decisions will be implemented before an actual event occurs. Those with access and functional needs will require extended time to evacuate, and need as much advanced warning as possible.

In the case of an imminent hazardous materials release (whether chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear contamination), the release may require a decision on evacuation versus sheltering in place. Contact the Solano County Hazardous Materials Team to provide technical support for decision makers.

If an event has the potential to impact evacuation routes (e.g., flooding) OES will endeavor to make evacuation decisions early enough to allow people to leave the area of impact. A wait-and-see policy may be disastrous if people cannot safely evacuate once the danger is present.

If evacuation operations seem likely, the EOC Operations and Planning Section personnel will perform the following functions:

- Establish the Evacuation Movement Unit and begin strategizing the movement of people from the impact area. The EMU determines and prioritizes operational requirements.
- EOC Law Branch coordinates with the EOC Logistics Section to obtain required supplies, equipment, and personnel for evacuation.
- Evacuation Movement Unit contacts the STA Transit Coordination Center to activate and prepare for transit resource assistance.
- Ensure communications are available between key evacuation staging areas and evacuation vehicles.
- Coordinate with other local authorities, and the REOC as necessary, to ensure that the public, including people with disabilities and others who also have access and functional needs, is aware of the timeline, stages, and major routes and means of evacuation.
- Coordination of public safety and security resources will be required to support the evacuation.
- Coordinate with specialty vehicles (e.g., paratransit like vehicles) that will be required to support the evacuation.
- Coordinate animal transportation that will be required to support the evacuation.

5.2 Evacuation Coordination

Each of the seven incorporated Cities is responsible for coordinating evacuations within city limits. When the emergency has reached a level in which the impact has extended well beyond the local area, the County
EOC will be activated to coordinate an area wide evacuation in response to a disaster in the County, or in support of large numbers of evacuees passing through or into Solano County.

5.2.1 Evacuation Orders

Evacuation orders may be given as either voluntary or mandatory. In Solano County, the evacuation order can be given by:

- The County Sheriff
- The Public Health Officer if event is associated with a pandemic or other major health related threat
- Fire & Law Incident Commander(s)
- The County Administrator
- The Emergency Services Manager

If a mandatory evacuation is ordered, law enforcement will not use force to remove persons who choose to remain in the affected area. California Penal Code Section 409.5 does not authorize forcible evacuations, but rather authorizes officers to refuse admittance of others into the impacted area. Possible exceptions can be made for adults who will not evacuate minors from immediately dangerous environments; the children can be removed under child endangerment laws. (See References: Legal Guidelines for Controlling Movement of People and Property During an Emergency).

Responders must clearly inform people that failure to evacuate may result in physical injury or death and that a future opportunity to evacuate may not exist. People must be informed that there is no guarantee that resources to rescue them will be available. Law enforcement should have those that refuse to evacuate sign a waiver and document where these persons are located. Once an evacuation order is given, it is critical that the public information system provide clear instruction through all available alert and warning systems and mechanisms.

5.2.2 Evacuation Movement Unit

The Evacuation Movement Unit functions within the Law Branch in the EOC. The Law Branch is in the Operations Section, and will take the lead in overall evacuation coordination. The Evacuation Movement Unit (EMU) will develop the recommendation for an incident-specific evacuation and movement strategy.
Once they have developed a strategy, they will present it to the EOC Director and managers for approval and insertion to the EOC Action Plan. The EOC staff will implement the strategy that includes coordination of transit, public information, law enforcement, care and shelter, logistics, and other aspects of the EOC. Their EMU strategy may include, but not be limited to the following:

- Routes for self-evacuating persons.
- Location of evacuation staging areas.
- Needs for evacuation task force teams.
- Coordination of evacuation routes and shelter locations.
- General transit asset requests (made to STA Coordination Center)
- General information for use by PIO.
- Coordination with region wide incident specific evacuation processes.

The EMU will modify the evacuation and movement strategy as situational information is provided.

The Evacuation Movement Unit does NOT determine road closures and traffic management; that responsibility belongs to the Public Works Unit in the Engineering Branch of Operations Section. However, the two units will need to coordinate their efforts toward the evacuation and movement strategy.

The EMU Leader Position Checklist and EMU Team Members Position Checklist can be found in Volume 2 Section 3.2.3.4 and Volume 2 Section 3.2.3.5, respectively.

**5.2.3 EMU Position in EOC Organization**

The EMU position in the EOC organization chart is shown in Figure 5-1.
5.2.4 Evacuation Task Force

The EOC may also need to coordinate the assembly of evacuation task force units that can enter the threatened area and evacuate people with access and functional needs, animals, and others. The task force will likely consist of busses, paratransit vehicles, law enforcement and animal control vehicles and staff.

5.3 Reentry

Once the threat has passed, and assuming the evacuated area is safe from debris, contamination, or other residual threats, the evacuated persons will be allowed to reenter the area. The EOC, and specifically the EMU, coordinates transportation, routes and resource use strategy to support the reentry.

The strategy will be coordinated with regional partners, as any evacuation will likely have impacts beyond the operational area. The Operations Section Chief is responsible for providing the PIO with information regarding the safe return to the evacuated area. Those who needed assistance to evacuate will again need assistance to return.
### Appendix A.  Acronyms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADA</td>
<td>Americans with Disabilities Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARC</td>
<td>American Red Cross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARES</td>
<td>Amateur Radio Emergency Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAHAN</td>
<td>California Health Alert Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDFA</td>
<td>California Department of Food and Agriculture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDHS</td>
<td>California Department of Health Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CERT</td>
<td>Community Emergency Response Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIKR</td>
<td>Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHSS</td>
<td>Department of Health and Social Services, Solano County</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOC</td>
<td>Department Operations Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMU</td>
<td>Evacuation Movement Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EOC</td>
<td>Emergency Operations Center, Solano County</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EOP</td>
<td>Emergency Operations Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAST</td>
<td>Fairfield and Suisun Transit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GIS</td>
<td>Geographic Information System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAZMAT</td>
<td>Hazardous Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LNG</td>
<td>Liquid Natural Gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRC</td>
<td>Medical Reserve Corps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIMS</td>
<td>National Incident Management System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OES</td>
<td>Office of Emergency Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIO</td>
<td>Public Information Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RACES</td>
<td>Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REOC</td>
<td>Regional Emergency Operations Center (Coastal Region, CA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEMS</td>
<td>Standardized Emergency Management System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SolTrans</td>
<td>Solano County Transit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STA</td>
<td>Solano Transportation Authority</td>
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</tbody>
</table>