SOLANO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE
LICENSE TO CARRY CONCEALED WEAPON
ISSUANCE PROCEDURE

EACH APPLICANT SHOULD CAREFULLY READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS HEREIN.

- California law has established criteria to be examined prior to the issuance of a License to Carry Concealed Weapon (commonly known, and hereafter referred to, as a CCW permit). The law requires each applicant to demonstrate good moral character, good cause, and residence within the jurisdiction of the issuing agency as provided by Penal Code Sec. 12050(a)(1)(A),(D). All applicants shall possess certification of having successfully completed a course of instruction not to exceed 16 hours, which included instruction on firearms safety and the law regarding the permissible use of a firearm **OR** a community college course not to exceed 24 hours certified by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST).

- As a law enforcement agency, our responsibility to public safety dictates that those criteria be established before we consider issuing a CCW permit.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I hereby acknowledge that pursuant to California Penal Code Section 12050, the Solano County Sheriff's Office has discretion to grant or deny my application for a License to Carry Concealed Weapon. I further acknowledge that, in the event I am granted a License to Carry a Concealed Weapon, such license may be revoked by the Solano County Sheriff's Office without prior notice and/or opportunity to be heard.

_____ _____

Date Signature

ADMONITION

SOME INFORMATION YOU PROVIDE IN THIS APPLICATION (INCLUDING YOUR NAME, ADDRESS, OCCUPATION AND REASON FOR APPLYING) IS A MATTER OF PUBLIC RECORD AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA PUBLIC RECORDS ACT, GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 6250 et seq.

_____

Initials

California Department of Justice

STANDARD APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON (CCW)

BCIA 4012 (6/99)

California Department of Justice

STANDARD APPLICATION

for

LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON (CCW)

Authority

California Penal Code (PC) sections 12050 through 12054 provide that a sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or city and county may issue a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person (CCW license). PC section 12051(a)(3)(A) requires the Attorney General to prescribe a statewide standard application form for a CCW license.

Who May Be Issued a License

The licensing authority specified in PC section 12050(a)(1) (a sheriff or head of a municipal police department) may issue a license to persons who are of good moral character, who have completed a course of training, and where good cause exists for issuance of the CCW license. All applications for a CCW will be fingerprinted and state records will be checked to determine if they are in a prohibiting class. Attachments 1, 2, and 3 (following page 14 of this application) list all categories that would cause a person to be in a class prohibiting them from possessing firearms and being granted a CCW license. These attachments are updated annually to reflect new legislation and other changes in the law.

Format of CCW License

A CCW license may be issued in either of the following formats:

1. A license to carry concealed, a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
2. Where the population of the county is less than 200,000 persons according to the most recent federal decennial census, a license to carry loaded and exposed in that county a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person

Training Required

PC section 12050(a)(1)(B) and (E) specifies that new license applicants must complete a course of trianing. The training may consist of any course acceptable to the licensing authority. The licensing authority may require either a course not to exceed 16 hours which includes instruction on at least firearms safety and the law regarding the permissible use of a firearm or a community college course not to exceed 24 hours certified by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training. If the licensing authority requires the community college course, it must be uniformly required for all CCW license applicants. The licensing authority may also require annual qualification on the weapon(s) during th term for which the CCW license is granted.

For license renewal applicants, the course of training may be any course acceptable to the licensing authority, shall be no less than four hours in length, and shall include instruction on at least firearm safety and the law regarding permissible use of a firearm

Psychological Testing

In addition to licensing requirements as specified by the licensing authority, jurisdictions may require psychological testing on the initial application. If required, the applicant shall be referred to a licensed psychologist used by the licensing authority for the psychological testing of its own employees. Any fees charged will be the responsibility of the applicant and such fees shall not exceed $150.00 for an initial test. Additional psychological testing of an applicant seeking license renewal shall be required only if there is compelling evidence to indicate that a test is necessary (PC section 12054(c)).

Completing the Application

Answering all the questions on this standard application does not guarantee the issuance of a CCW license. The determination whether or not to issue the license is the prerogative of the licensing authority. Each licensing authority, in addition to using the state standard application form, will have a written policy summarizing what they require pursuant to PC section 12050(1)(1)(A) and (B). Prior to issuing a CCW, the statutes require proof that:

- The applicant is of good moral character,
- Good cause exists to issue the CCW license,
- The applicant meets residence requirements, and
- The course of training prescribed by the licensing authority has been completed.

The application on the following pages sets forth standardized questions to be used by the CCW licensing authority to determine whether a CCW license shall be issued. The applicant shall not be required to complete any additional application or form for a CCW license, or to provide any information other than that necessary to complete this standard application form except to clarify or interpret information provided herein (PC section 12051(a)(3)(C)).

The applicant will certify that all answers provided are true and correct to the best of their knowledge and belief under penalty of perjury. The applicant will also acknowledge that information disclosed on this application may be subject to public disclosure.

Important Instructions

- **Fill out, read, and sign Sections 1 through 5, as directed. Use additional pages if more space is required.**
- **Sections 6, 7, and 8 must be completed in the presence of an official of the licensing agency.**
- **Review Section 7 and be prepared to answer these questions orally. Do not write anything in Section 7 unless specifically directed to do so by the licensing agency.**

Section 1 – Applicant Personal Information 3
Section 2 – Applicant Clearance Questions 3
Section 3 – Description of Weapon(s) 5
Section 4 – CCW License Conditions and Restrictions 6
Section 5 – Applicable California Penal Code Sections 7
Section 6 – Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless 10
Section 7 – Investigator's Interview Notes 11
Section 8 – Certification and Release of Information 14

Attachment 1 – California Prohibiting Categories for a CCW License 16
Attachment 2 – California Prohibiting Misdemeanors 17
Attachment 3 – Federal Prohibiting Categories for Possessing Firearms 19

State of California, Department of Justice

Standard Application for CCW License

Official Use Only – Type of Permit Requested
( ) Standard ( ) Judge
( ) Reserve Officer ( ) 90 Day

Public Disclosure Admonition

I understand that I am obligated to be complete and truthful in providing information on this application. I understand that all of the information disclosed by me in this application may be subject to public disclosure.

_____ _____
Applicant Signature Date

_____ _____
Witness Signature / Badge Number Date

Section 1 – Applicant Personal Information

Name:_____
Last First Middle

If Applicable
Maiden Name or other Name(s) Used:_____

City and County
of Residence:_____ Country of
Citizenship:_____

Date of Birth:_____ Place of Birth:_____
City County State

Height:_____ Weight:_____ Color Eyes:_____ Color Hair:_____

Section 2 – Applicant Clearance Questions

1. Do you now have, or have you ever had a license to carry a concealed weapon (CCW)?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, please indicate below. Use additional pages if necessary.)

Issuing Agency_____ Issue Date_____ CCW#_____

2. Have you ever applied for and been denied a license to carry a concealed weapon?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, give agency name, date and reason for denial.)

_____

_____

Section 2 – Applicant Clearance Questions – (continued)

3. Have you ever held and subsequently renounced your United States citizenship?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

4. If you served with the Armed Forces, were you ever convicted of any charges or was your discharge other than honorable? No_____ Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

5. Are you now, or have you been a party to a lawsuit in the last five years?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

_____

_____

6. Are you now, or have you been, under a restraining order(s) from any court?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

7. Are you on probation or parole from any state for conviction of any offense including traffic? No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

Section 2 – Applicant Clearance Questions – (continued)

8. List all traffic violations (moving violations only) and motor vehicle accidents you have had in the last five years. (Use additional pages if necessary.)

Date	Violation / Accident	Agency / Citation #

9. Have you ever been convicted for any criminal offense (civilian or military) in the U.S. or any other country?

No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain including date, agency, charges, and disposition.)

_____

_____

10. Have you witheld any fact that might affect the decision to approve this license?

No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

Section 3 – Descriptions of Weapons:

List below the weapons you desire to carry if granted a CCW. You may carry concealed only the weapon(s) which you list and describe herein, and only for the purpose indicated. Any misuse will cause an automatic revocation and possible arrest. (Use additional pages if necessary.)

	Make	Model	Caliber	Serial No.
1.				
2.				
3.				

Section 4 – CCW License Conditions and Restrictions

The licensee is responsible for all liability for, injury to, or death of any person, or damage to any property which may result through any act or omission of either the licensee or the agency that issued the license. In the event any claim, suit, or action is brought against the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees, by reason of, or in connection with any such act or omission, the licensee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees from such claim, suit, or action.

The licensee authorizes the licensing agency to investigate, as they deem necessary, the licensee's record and character to ascertain any and all information which may concern his/her qualifications and justification to be issued a license to carry a concealed weapon and release said agency of any and all liability arising out of such investigation.

While exercising the privileges granted to the licensee under the terms of this license, the licensee shall not, when carrying a concealed weapon:

- Consume any alcoholic beverage.
- Be in a place having a primary purpose of dispensing alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption.
- Be under the influence of any medication or drug, whether prescribed or not.
- Refuse to show the license or surrender the concealed weapon to any peace officer upon demand.
- Impede any peace officer in the performance of his/her duties.
- Present himself/herself as a peace officer to any person unless he/she is, in fact, a peace officer as defined by California law.
- Unjustifiably display a concealed weapon.
- Carry a concealed weapon not listed on the permit.
- Carry a concealed weapon at times or circumstances other than those specified in the permit.

Pursuant to U.S. Government Code – Title 49, Chapter 26, Section 1472(1) and Federal Aviation Regulation 121.583, a license to carry a concealed weapon does not authorize a person to carry a firearm, tear gas, or any dangerous weapon aboard commercial airlines. Further, a person must declare that he/she is carrying such firearm, tear gas, or dangerous weapon BEFORE entering the boarding area of an air terminal where the security checks are made. Such violation can result in arrest by law enforcement.

Any violation of these restrictions or conditions may invalidate the CCW license and may void any further use of the license until reinstated by the licensing authority. Any arrest for a felony or serious misdemeanor, including driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs, is cause for invalidating the license.

Section 5 – Applicable California Penal Code Sections

The following Penal Code sections are of special importance to the holder of a CCW license regarding the use, carrying, and storage of firearms:

Penal Code Section 12051 – Applications for CCW Licenses; False Statements

(b) Any person who files an application required by subdivision (a) knowing that statements contained therein are false is guilty of a misdemeanor.
(c) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on the application regarding any of the following shall be guilty of a felony:

(1) The denial or revocation of a license, or the denial of an amendment to a license, issued pursuant to Section 12050.
(2) A criminal conviction.
(3) A finding of not guilty by reason of insanity.
(4) The use of a controlled substance.
(5) A dishonorable discharge from military service.
(6) A commitment to a mental institution.
(7) A renunciation of United States citizenship.

Penal Code Section 192 – Manslaughter

Manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice.

(a) Voluntary – upon a sudden quarrel or heat of passion.
(b) Involuntary – in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to a felony; or in the commission of a lawful act which might produce death, in an unlawful manner, or without due caution and circumspection; provided that this subdivision shall not apply to acts committed in the driving of a vehicle.

Penal Code Section 197 – Justifiable Homicide; Any Person

Homicide is justifiable when committed by any person in any of the following cases:

1. When resisting any attempt to murder any person, or to commit a felony, or to do some great bodily injury upon any person; or,
2. When committed in defense of habitation, property, or person, against one who manifestly intends or endeavors, by violence or surprise, to commit a felony, or against one who manifestly intends and endeavors, in a violent, riotous or tumultuous manner, to enter the habitation of another for the purpose of offering violence to any person therein; or,
3. When committed in the lawful defense of such person, or of a wife or husband, parent, child, master, mistress, or servant of such person, when there is reasonable ground to apprehend a design to commit a felony or to do some great bodily injury, and imminent danger of such design being accomplished; but such person, or the person in whose behalf the defense was made, if he was the assailant or engaged in mutual combat, must really and in good faith have endeavored to decline any further struggle before the homicide was committed; or,
4. When necessarily committed in attempting, by lawful ways and means, to apprehend any person for any felony committed, or in lawfully suppressing any riot, or in lawfully keeping and preserving the peace.

Section 5 – Applicable California Penal Code Sections – (continued)

Penal Code Section 198 – Justifiable Homicide; Sufficiency of Fear (Limitation of Self-defense of Property Rule)

A bare fear of the commission of any of the offenses mentioned in subdivisions 2 and 3 of Section 197, to prevent which homicide may be lawfully committed, is not sufficient to justify it. But the circumstances must be sufficient to excite the fears of a reasonable person, and the party killing must have acted under the influence of such fears alone.

Penal Code Section 199 – Justifiable and Excusable Homicide; Discharge of Defendant

The homicide appearing to be justifiable or excusable, the person indicted must, upon his trial, be fully acquitted and discharged.

Penal Code Section 12035 – Storage of Firearms Accessible to Children

(a) As used in this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Locking device" means a device that is designed to prevent the firearm from functioning and when applied to the firearm, renders the firearm inoperable.

(2) "Child" means a person under the age of 16 years.

(3) "Off-premises" means premises other than the premises where the firearm was stored.

(4) "Locked container" has the same meaning as set for the in subdivision (d) of Section 12026.2.

(b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (c), a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm of the first degree" if he or she keeps any loaded firearm within any premise which is under his or her custody or control and he or she knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian and the child obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes death or great bodily injury to himself, herself, or any other person.

(2) Except as provided in subdivision (c), a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm of the second degree" if he or she keeps any loaded firearm within any premise which is under his or her custody or control and he or she knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian and the child obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes injury, other than great bodily injury, to himself, herself, or any other person, or carries the firearm either to a public place or in violation of Section 417.

(c) Subdivision (b) shall not apply whenever any of the following occurs:

(1) The child obtains the firearm as a result of an illegal entry to any premises by any person.

(2) The firearm is kept in a locked container or in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure.

(3) The firearm is carried on the person or within such a close proximity thereto so that the individual can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if carried on the person.

(4) The firearm is locked with a locking device that has rendered the firearm inoperable.

(5) The person is a peace officer or a member of the armed forces or national guard and the child obtains the firearm during, or incidental to, the performance of the person's duties.

(6) The child obtains, or obtains and discharges, the firearm in a lawful act of self-defense or defense of another person, or persons.

(7) The person who keeps a loaded firearm on any premise which is under his or her custody or control has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premise.

Section 5 – Applicable California Penal Code Sections – (continued)

Penal Code Section 12036 – Firearms Accessed by Children and Carried Off-premises

(a) As used in this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Locking device" means a device that is designed to prevent the firearm from functioning and when applied to the firearm, renders the firearm inoperable.

(2) "Child" means a person under the age of 16 years.

(3) "Off-premises" means premises other than the premises where the firearm was stored.

(4) "Locked container" has the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 12026.2.

(b) A person who keeps a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person, loaded or unloaded, within any premise that is under his or her custody or control and he or she knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to that firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian and the child obtains access to that firearm and thereafter carries that firearm off-premises, shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both that imprisonment and fine.

(c) A pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person that a child gains access to and carries off-premises in violation of this Section shall be deemed "used in the commission of any misdemeanor as provided in this code or any felony" for the purpose of subdivision (b) of Section 12028 regarding the authority to confiscate firearms and other deadly weapons as a nuisance.

(d) This Section shall not apply if one of the following circumstances exists:

(1) The child obtains the pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person as a result of an illegal entry into any premises by any person.

(2) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person is kept in a locked container or in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure.

(3) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person is locked with a locking device that has rendered the firearm inoperable.

(4) The pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person is carried on the person within such a close range that the individual can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if carried on the person.

(5) The person is a peace officer or a member of the armed forces or national guard and the child obtains the pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person during, or incidental to, the performance of the person's duties.

(6) The child obtains, or obtains and discharges, the pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person in a lawful act of self-defense or defense of another person or persons.

(7) The person who keeps a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premises.

Section 6 – Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless

I accept and assume all responsibility and liability for, injury to, or death of any person, or damage to any property which may result through any act or omission of either the licensee or the agency that issued the license. In the event any claim, suit or action is brought against the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees, by reason of, or in connection with any such act or omission, the licensee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees from such claim, suit, or action.

I understand that the acceptance of my application by the licensing authority does not guarantee the issuance of a license and that fees and costs are not refundable if denied. I further understand that if my application is approved and I am issued a license to carry a concealed weapon, that the license is subject to restrictions placed upon it and that misuse of the license will cause an automatic revocation and possible arrest and that the license may also be suspended or revoked at the discretion of the licensing authority at any time. I am aware that any use of a firearm may bring criminal action or civil liability against me.

I have read, understand, and agree to the CCW license liability clauses, conditions, and restrictions stated in this Application and Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless.

I have read and understand the applicable Penal Code sections regarding False Statements on a CCW Application, Manslaughter, Killing in Defense of Self or Property, Limitation on Self-defense and Defense of Property, and Child Access and Firearm Storage, stated in this application.

I have read and understand Attachment 1 – California Prohibiting Categories for a CCW License, Attachment 2 – California Prohibiting Misdemeanors, and Attachment 3 – Federal Prohibiting Categories for Possessing Firearms. I further acknowledge that these Prohibiting Categories can be amended or expanded by state or federal legislative or regulatory bodies and that any such amendment or expansion may affect my eligibility to hold a CCW.

_____ _____

Applicant Signature **Date**

_____ _____

Witness Signature / Badge Number **Date**

Section 7 – Investigator's Interview Notes

Applicant Name:_____
Last First Middle

Date of Birth:_____ **Age**_____

Social Security No.:_____

California DL/ID No.:_____

Driver's License Restrictions:_____

Residence Address:

_____
Number Street Apt. City State Zip

Mailing address (if different):

_____
Number Street Apt. City State Zip

Home / Personal Phone Numbers: (_____)_____

Spouse's Name and Address:_____

_____

Applicant Occupation:_____

Business / Employer Name:_____

Business Phone Number: : (_____)_____

Business Address:

_____
Number Street Apt. City State Zip

1. **List all previous home addresses for the past five years.**

_____

_____

_____

Section 7 – Investigator's Interview Notes – (continued)

2. Have you ever been in a mental institution, treated for mental illness, or been found not-guilty by reason of insanity ? No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

3. Are you now, or have you ever been, addcited to a controlled substance or alcohol, or have you ever utilized an illgal controlled substance, or have you ever reported to a detoxification or drug treatment program? No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

4. Have you ever been involved in an incident involving firearms?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

_____

5. Have you been involved in a domestic violence incident?
No_____Yes_____ (If yes, explain):

_____

_____

6. List any arrests or formal charges, with or without disposition, for any criminal offenses with the U.S. or any other country (civilian or military).

_____

_____

_____

Section 7 – Investigator's Interview Notes – (continued)

If the CCW license is desired for self-protection, the protection of others, or for the protection of large sums of money or valuable property, you are required to explain and provide good cause for issuance of the license. For example, has your life or property been threatened or jeopardized? Explain incidents and include dates, times, locations, and names of police agencies to which these incidents were reported.

Details of Reason for Applicant desiring a CCW License (use additional sheets if needed).

Section 8 – Certification and Release of Information

I hereby give permission to the agency to which this application is made to conduct a background investigation of me and to contact any person or agency who may add to or aid in this investigation. I further authorize persons, firms, agencies and institutions listed on this application to release or confirm information about me and statements I have made as contained in this application.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law and pursuant to the Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.), I understand that information contained in this application may be a matter of public record and shall be made available upon request or court order.

I hereby certify under penalties of perjury and Penal Code section 12051(b) and (c), that the answers I have given are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I understand and agree to the provisions, conditions, and restrictions herein or otherwise imposed.

_____ _____

Applicant Signature **Date**

_____ _____

Witness Signature / Badge Number **Date**

Attachments

Attachment 1

CALIFORNIA PROHIBITING CATEGORIES FOR A CCW LICENSE
As of January, 1999

- Persons convicted of a felony, or any offense enumerated in section 12021.1 of the Penal Code (PC).
- Persons addicted to the use of narcotics.
- Persons denied firearm possession as a condition of probation pursuant to PC section 12021(d).
- Persons convicted of a specified misdemeanor pursuant to PC section 12021(c)(1) are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms for 10 years (see Attachment 2).
- Juveniles adjudged wards of the juvenile court because they committed a 707(b) Welfare and Institutions Code (WIC) offense, an offense described in PC section 1203.073(b) or any offense enumerated in PC section 12021 (c)(!) are prohibited until they reach age 30.
- Persons who are subject to a protective order as defined in section 6218 of the Family Code, or a temporary restraining order or injunction issued pursuant to sections 527.6 or 527.8 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- Persons found by a court to be a danger to others because of mental illness.
- Persons found by a court to be mentally incompetent to stand trial.
- Persons found by a court to be not guilty by reason of insanity.
- Persons adjudicated to be a mentally disordered sex offender.
- Persons placed on a conservatorship because they are gravely disabled as a result of a mental disorder or impairment by chronic alcoholism
- Persons who communicate a threat to a licensed psychotherapist, against a reasonably identifiable victim, and the psychotherapist reports to law enforcement pursuant to WIC section 8100(b), are prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm for 6 months.
- Persons in a mental health facility certified pursuant to WIC sections 5250, 5260, and 5270.15 are prohibited from possessing or purchasing or attempting to purchase firearms for 5 years.
- Persons who are voluntary patients in a mental facility who are determined to be a danger to self or others are prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm between admission and discharge.
- Persons under indictment or information in any court for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year.

Attachment 2

CALIFORNIA PROHIBITING MISDEMEANORS
As of January, 1999

Pursuant to Penal Code (PC) section 12021(c)(1), any person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor violation for any of the following offenses is prohibited from owning, possessing, or having under his or her custody or control any firearms within 10 years of the conviction:

- Threatening public officers, employees and school officials (PC section 71).
- Threatening certain public officials, appointees, judges, staff or their families with the intent and apparent ability to carry out the threat (PC section 76).
- Possessing a deadly weapon with the intent to intimidate a witness (PC section 136.5).
- Threatening witnesses, victims, or informants (PC section 140).
- Attempting to remove or take a firearm from the person or immediate presence of a public or peace officer (PC section 148(d)).

- Unauthorized possession of a weapon in a courtroom, courthouse or court building, or at a public meeting (PC section 171(b)).
- Bringing into or possessing a loaded firearm within the state capitol, legislative offices, etc. (PC section 171c).
- Taking into or possessing loaded firearms within the Governor's Mansion or residence of other constitutional officers, etc. (PC section 171(d)).
- Supplying, selling or giving possession of a firearm to a person for participation in criminal street gangs (PC section 186.28).
- Assault (PC sections 240, 241)

- Battery (PC sections 242, 243).
- Assault with a stun gun or Taber weapon (PC section 244.5)
- Assault with deadly weapon or force likely to produce great bodily injury (PC section 245).
- Assault with a deadly weapon or instrument, by any means likely to produce great bodily injury or with a stun gun or Taber on a school employee engaged in performance of duties (PC section 245.5).
- Shooting at an inhabited or occupied dwelling house, building, vehicle, aircraft, horsecart or camper (PC section 246).

- Discharging a firearm in a grossly negligent manner (PC section 246.3)
- Shooting at an unoccupied aircraft, motor vehicle, or uninhabited building or dwelling house (PC section 247)
- Inflicting corporal injury on a spouse or significant other (PC section 273.5)
- Willfully violating a domestic protective order (PC section 273.6).

Attachment 2 (Continued)

CALIFORNIA PROHIBITING MISDEMEANORS
As of January, 1999

- Drawing, exhibiting, or using any deadly weapon other than a firearm (PC sections 417(a)(1), 417(a)(2)).
- Brandishing a firearm in presence of a peace officer (PC section 417.1 – repealed by stats. 1998).
- Drawing or exhibiting, selling, manufacturing, or distributing firearm replicas or imitations (PC section 417.2).
- Inflicting serious bodily injury as a result of brandishing (PC section 417.6).
- Bringing into or possessing firearms upon or within public schools and grounds (PC section 626.9).
- Stalking (PC section 646.9).

- Armed criminal action (PC section 12023).
- Possessing a deadly weapon with intent to commit an assault (PC section 12024).
- Driver or any vehicle who knowingly permits another person to discharge a firearm from the vehicle or any person who will fully and maliciously discharges a firearm from a motor vehicle (PC sections 12034(b), 12034(d)).
- Criminal possession of a firearm (PC section 12040).
- Firearms dealer who sells or transfers or gives possession of any firearm to a minor or a handgun to a person under the age of 21 (PC section 12072(b)).

- Various violations involving sales and transfers of firearms (PC section 12072(g)(3)).
- Person or corporation who sells any concealable firearm to any minor (PC section 12100(a) – repealed by stats. 1994).
- Unauthorized possession/transportation of a machine gun (PC section 12220).
- Possession of ammunition designed to penetrate metal or armor (PC section 12320).
- Carrying a concealed or loaded firearm or other deadly weapon or wearing a peace officer uniform, while picketing (PC section 12590).

- Bringing firearm related contraband into juvenile hall (WIC section 871.5).
- Bringing firearm related contraband into a youth authority institution (WIC section 1001.5).
- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or deadly weapon by a person receiving in-patient treatment for a mental disorder, or by a person who has communicated to a licensed psychotherapist a serious threat of physical violence against an identifiable victim (WIC section 8100).
- Providing a firearm or deadly weapon to a person described in WIC sections 8100 or 8103 (WIC section 8101).
- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or deadly weapon by a person who has been adjudicated to be a mentally disordered sex offender or found to be mentally incompetent to stand trial, or not guilty by reason of insanity, and individuals placed under a conservatorship (WIC section 8103).

Attachment 3

FEDERAL PROHIBITING CATEGORIES FOR POSSESSING FIREARMS
Gun Control Act of 1968, Title 18 U.S.C. Chapter 44
As of January, 1999

Pursuant to Section 922, any person listed below is prohibited from possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving any firearm, who:

- Has been convicted in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year.
- Is a fugitive from justie.
- Is an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance.
- Has been adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution.
- Is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States.
- Has been discharged from the Armed Forces under dishonorable conditions.
- Having been a citizen of the United States, has renounced U.S. citizenship.
- Is subject to a court order that restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner or child of such intimate partner.
- Has been convicted in any court of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence.
- Is under indictment for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year.
- Has an out-of-state prohibitive criminal history.
- Has a prior denial on a previous National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) inquiry.