SOLANO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE



PRISON RAPE ELIMINATION ACT
(PREA)
ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT
2022

Background

The federal Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) was established in 2003 for the protection of inmates against sexual assaults by other inmates or staff members while confined in adult and juvenile facilities or institutions. The goal is to prevent, detect, and respond to incidents of sexual assault and abuse of an inmate. Major provisions of PREA include the development of standards for detection, prevention, reduction and punishment of prison or jail rapes.

The Solano County Sheriff's Office has adopted a zero tolerance on issues pertaining to sexual abuse and sexual harassment involving staff and inmates. The Sheriff's Office is working continuously to implement policies, training requirements for staff and inmates, and developing standards for detection, prevention, reduction and punishment of sexual abuse and sexual harassment incidents.

<u>Introduction</u>

PREA standard §115.87 requires the Solano County Sheriff's Office to collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions. The Sheriff's Office continues to remain diligent in investigating all allegations of sexual abuse, staff sexual misconduct, and sexual harassment against offenders. Staff and offenders are educated on the department's zero tolerance policy and provided information on the multiple ways to report an allegation, to include third-party reporting.

DEFINITIONS:

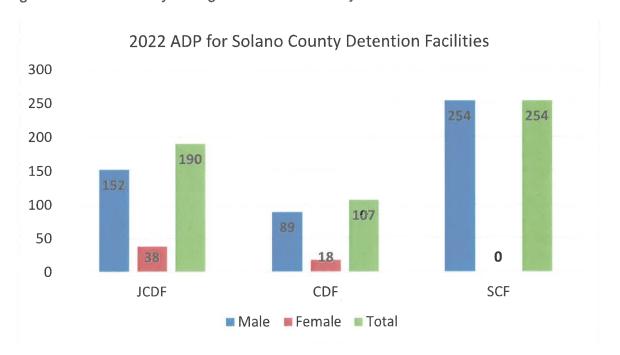
- Substantiated allegation an allegation that was investigated and determined to have occurred.
- Unsubstantiated allegation an allegation that was investigated and insufficient evidence was obtained to determine if the allegation did or did not occur.
- Unfounded allegation an allegation that was investigated and proven not to have occurred.
- Ongoing investigation the investigation was initiated and is ongoing.

2022 Annual Statistics

In 2022, the Solano County Sheriff's Office began the audit of the Justice Center Detention Facility (JCDF). During the audit, twelve PREA Standard corrective actions were identified and documented in the PREA Audit Interim Summary Report. All corrective actions are currently being remedied, within the 180-day corrective period.

The Average Daily Population (ADP) of inmates is an important number to consider, when examining the number of PREA allegations. Over the course of the year, the ADP for all three detention facilities was 551 inmates, comprising of 495 males and 56 females.

Below is a chart reflecting the breakdown of the average daily number of inmates by gender at each facility during the 2022 calendar year:



As seen in the chart above, the largest number of inmates on average were housed at the Stanton Correctional Facility (SCF) with an average daily population of 254 inmates. The Claybank Detention Facility (CDF) had an average daily population of 107 inmates and the Justice Center Detention Facility (JCDF) had an average daily population of 190 inmates. JCDF can normally accommodate a larger inmate population, however several projects being completed at the facility has caused the closure of half the housing units. In 2022, SCF only housed male inmates. Female inmates were housed at both JCDF and CDF.

In 2022, the Sheriff's Office received 46 reports by inmates alleging sexual abuse or harassment in Solano County Jail Facilities. Of the 46 allegations, 26 were from inmates at the Justice Center Detention Facility (JCDF), eight were from inmates at the Claybank Detention Facility (CDF), and twelve were from inmates at the Stanton Correctional Facility (SCF). Of the 46 cases, 25 consisted of allegations against another

inmate and 21 were allegations against staff. All personal identifying information is redacted from the Annual Report as publication of this information would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of the facility.

There was a total of three substantiated cases, four unsubstantiated cases, and 39 unfounded cases. Of the reported cases that were substantiated or unsubstantiated in 2022, none consisted of a grievance against staff. The nature of the substantiated complaints were a mix of allegations of sexual contact and sexual harassment.

Below is a breakdown of all the PREA cases by facility and their dispositions following a detailed investigation:

Justice Center Detention Facility

Cases	Type of Conduct	Disposition
1	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
2	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
3	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
4	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
5	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
6	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unsubstantiated
7	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
8	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
9	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
10	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
11	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
12	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
13	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
14	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
15	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
16	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
17	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unsubstantiated
18	Staff Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
19	Staff Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
20	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
21	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
22	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
23	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unsubstantiated
24	Inmate Sexual Contact	Unsubstantiated
25	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
26	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded

Claybank Detention Facility

Cases	Type of Conduct	Disposition
1	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
2	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
3	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
4	Staff Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
5	Inmate Sexual Act	Unfounded
6	Inmate Sexual Contact	Substantiated
7	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
8	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded

Stanton Correctional Facility

Cases	Type of conduct	Disposition
1	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Substantiated
2	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
3	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Substantiated
4	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
5	Staff Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
6	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
7	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
8	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
9	Inmate Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
10	Staff Sexual Harassment	Unfounded
11	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded
12	Staff Sexual Misconduct	Unfounded

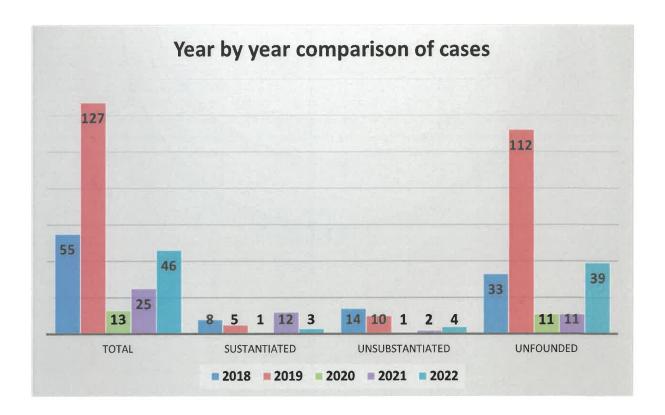
In each case, the inmates were separated. New classifications or housing restrictions are applied to inmates who cannot reside peacefully together. Cases that meet a criminal threshold are sent to the Solano County District Attorney for review. There have been criminal cases have resulted in charges from any allegations this year.

An incident review team convenes for all sexual abuse investigations unless the case was determined to be unfounded. The purpose of the review is to determine if there is a need to make any changes to our policy and practices to better detect, prevent, or respond to sexual abuse allegations. Incident reviews also look at the potential motivation of allegations like race, gender identification, sexual preference, and gang affiliations.

In reviewing incidents from the last year, it appears that the majority of the incidents occurred inside of the victim's cell. Title 15 stipulates that no video monitoring is allowed inside the inmates' cells. After each substantiated and unsubstantiated sexual assault

incident, the area where the abuse occurred is looked at to assess if there are any areas which enabled the abuse; so far no enabling factors have been identified. Based on the aforementioned reviews no problem areas have been identified.

The following graph allows us to see a side by side comparison of reported cases for the past five years:



Summary

The Solano County Sheriff's Office continues to bring awareness to inmates of their rights against sexual abuse in our detention facilities. Inmates are given verbal and written instructions as to the resources they have available while incarcerated in the Solano County Jail at the time of booking. Each new arrival is given an Inmate Orientation Handbook that includes information on how to avoid sexual assault, what to do in case of assault, how to report sexual assault (including free, confidential telephone numbers), and the availability of counseling programs.

Videos are shown on the televisions to inform inmates as to what resources they have at their disposal to report sexual victimization instances and how to get help. Posters are displayed in each housing unit and all common areas throughout the facilities describing the resources that are at the inmates' disposal. The posters include telephone numbers and addresses for outside support agencies. Telephone calls are free, confidential, and are not monitored or recorded.

Staff security rounds are an important deterrent to potential perpetrators and the importance of this has been stressed to our staff. We are continuing the process of educating staff on PREA, to include their roles and responsibilities in preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse in our facilities.

These reviews and corrective actions will be conducted on an ongoing basis, bringing the Solano County Sheriff's Office closer to our goal of zero incidents of sexual abuse or harassment within our Detention Facilities

Thomas A. Ferrara, Sheriff-Coroner